

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

FIL,DETOL,OXYGEN



HEALTH ▸ HYGIENE ▸ HOME

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : FIL,DETOL,OXYGEN  
**SDS #** : D8290045 v6.0  
**Formulation #** : 8280627 v1.0  
**Product type** : Liquid trigger.

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Multi-purpose cleaner trigger. Consumer uses.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Supplier

To be filled by local business.

#### Manufacturer

Nowy Dwór, Okunin 1,  
Nowy Dwór Mazowiecki, 05100, POLAND

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : To be filled by local business.

#### National contact

To be filled by local business.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Center

**Telephone number** : To be filled by local business.

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Met. Corr. 1, H290  
Eye Irrit. 2, H319

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Warning

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

<b>Hazard statements</b>	: May be corrosive to metals. Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Precautionary statements</b>	
<b>General</b>	: Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
<b>Prevention</b>	: Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep only in original packaging.
<b>Response</b>	: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.
<b>Storage</b>	: Not applicable
<b>Disposal</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Supplemental label elements</b>	: <b>Ingredient Declaration:</b> Per 100 g contains 1.05 g Hydrogen peroxide and 0.125 g Benzalkonium Chloride < 5% Oxygen based bleaching agent < 5% Non-ionic surfactant Disinfectant Perfume Linalool
<b>Special packaging requirements</b>	
<b>Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Tactile warning of danger</b>	: Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

<b>Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII</b>	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
<b>Other hazards which do not result in classification</b>	: None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**3.2 Mixtures** : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	REACH #: 01-2119980051-45 CAS: 68439-46-3	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1]
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE	REACH #: 01-2119485845-22 EC: 231-765-0 CAS: 7722-84-1 Index: 008-003-00-9	≤1.1	Ox. Liq. 1, H271 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
CITRIC ACID	REACH #: 01-2119457026-42 EC: 201-069-1 CAS: 77-92-9	≤3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE	REACH #: 01-2119983287-23 EC: 270-325-2 CAS: 68424-85-1	≤0.13	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1,	[1]

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

			H410 (M=1) <b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>	
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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

##### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

**Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazards from the substance or mixture** : No specific fire or explosion hazard.

**Hazardous combustion products** : No specific data.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

**6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Keep away from metals. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** : Multi-purpose cleaner trigger.  
Consumer uses.

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

#### DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.21 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population [Consumers]	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1.93 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population [Consumers]	Local
BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.64 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	[Consumers] General population [Consumers]	Systemic
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### PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE	Fresh water	0.013 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.013 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	4.66 mg/l	Assessment Factors
CITRIC ACID	Fresh water sediment	0.047 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	0.047 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Fresh water	440 mg/l	-
BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE	Fresh water sediment	34.6 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	3.46 mg/kg	-
	Soil	33.1 mg/kg	-
BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE	Fresh water	0.001 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.001 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	0.4 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12.27 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	13.09 mg/kg dwt	-

## 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : EN 16523-1:2015  
Tested for protection against chemical permeation.  
Low chemical resistant or waterproof gloves.  
(EN 16523-1:2015 supersedes EN 374-3:2003)  
EN 374-2:2003  
Tested for protection against liquid penetration and micro-organisms.  
EN 388:2003  
Tested for protection against mechanical risks (abrasion, blade cut resistance, tear resistance and puncture resistance).  
ISO 374-1:2016/Type A  
Protective glove with permeation resistance of at least 30 minutes each for at least 6 test chemicals.  
ISO 374-1:2016/Type B  
Protective glove with permeation resistance of at least 30 minutes each for at least 3 test chemicals.  
ISO 374-1:2016/Type C  
Protective glove with permeation resistance of at least 10 minutes for at least 1 test chemical.  
Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove



## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid. [Clear.]
- Color** : Colorless.
- Odor** : Fresh
- Odor threshold** : Not determined.
- pH** : 2.2 to 3.2 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not determined
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : Not determined
- Flash point** : Closed cup: >93.3°C
- Evaporation rate** : Not determined
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not determined
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits** : Not determined
- Vapor pressure** : Not determined
- Vapor density** : Not determined
- Relative density** : Not determined
- Density** : 1 to 1.01 g/cm<sup>3</sup> [20°C]
- Solubility(ies)** : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not determined
- Decomposition temperature** : Not determined
- Viscosity** : Not determined.
- Explosive properties** : Not determined
- Oxidizing properties** : Not determined

### 9.2 Other information

- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : May be corrosive to metals

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated HYDROGEN PEROXIDE	LD50 Oral	Rat	1378 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	805 mg/kg (70% H2O2 w/w)	-
CITRIC ACID BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE	LD50 Oral	Rat	11700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2848 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3413 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	344 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	398 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
FIL,DETOL,OXYGEN_FF8280627_D8290045_EU	36460.6	N/A	N/A	1058.2	N/A
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	1378	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
hydrogen peroxide solution	805	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
Citric acid	11700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	344	2848	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE CITRIC ACID	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	25 milligrams	-

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Eyes** : Based on Calculation Method: Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Sensitization



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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE	OECD 471 - Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
	OECD 473 - Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
	OECD 476 - Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain or irritation  
 watering  
 redness  
**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : No specific data.  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Other information** : Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	Acute EC50 5.36 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2686 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.2 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Dunaliella tertiolecta - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5.38 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2320 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE	Acute LC50 93 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 989.7 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha - Egg	43 days
CITRIC ACID	Acute LC50 160000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Carcinus maenas - Adult	48 hours
BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE	Acute EC50 0.016 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 64 ppb Fresh water Chronic EC10 0.009 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae	96 hours 72 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE	-	-	Readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE	-1.36	-	low
CITRIC ACID	-1.8	-	low

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient ( $K_{oc}$ ) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.





#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

For long distance transport of bulk material or shrunk pallet take into consideration sections 7 and 10.

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760
14.2 UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Benzalkonium chloride solution)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Benzalkonium chloride solution)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Benzalkonium chloride solution)	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Benzalkonium chloride solution)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8 	8 	8 	8 
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

### Additional information

## SECTION 14: Transport information

<b>ADR/RID</b>	: <b>Hazard identification number</b> 80 <b>Limited quantity</b> 5 L <b>Special provisions</b> 274 <b>Tunnel code</b> (E)
<b>ADN</b>	: <b>Special provisions</b> 274
<b>IMDG</b>	: <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-A, S-B <b>Special provisions</b> 223, 274
<b>IATA</b>	: <b>Quantity limitation</b> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 852. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 856. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y841. <b>Special provisions</b> A3

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**  
**EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)**

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization**

**Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

**Substances of very high concern**

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : None

**Other EU regulations**

**Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)**

Not listed.

**Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)**

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive**

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment** : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

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## SECTION 16: Other information

RRN = REACH Registration Number  
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Met. Corr. 1, H290 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Expert judgment Calculation method

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H271	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Met. Corr. 1	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1
Ox. Liq. 1	OXIDIZING LIQUIDS - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.